

BLESS THE KING WITH JUSTICE

Responsorial Song from Psyll 72 for Advent 2A for Psalmist or Schola, Assanbly & Descant with Keyboard, Trumpsyll 1 + II, Flote & Guitar

TOTY BARR

A Blessing for the King	1-2	May he be a wise and just administration of the Law (7 AH)
(vv 1-7)	3-7	May he establish unending justice and sessal pea
A Blessing for the Kingdom (vv 8-11)	8	May his rule cover the earth
	9	May the enemies acknowledge his greatness
	10-11	May all rulin Monarchs pay him tribute
A Blessing for the Poor of the Land (vv 12-14)	12	May he rest
	13	May he champio. Wowntrodden
	14	May he avenge the beautiful the oppress
A Blessing for the Length of his Reign (vv 15-16)	15	Long 1: rosperity King
	16	An parth's resc.
	17	Manis Name Great
A Blessing for the God of Israel (vv 18-19)	18	d is all powe on Israel's beharf
	19	od's glory fill e whole world.

When that day comes, justice shall flou Justice and peace shall lastfor evermo

Bless the King with justice, that he may rule be you give your wisdom for the task, and your judges at true. Justice, planted in the kingdom, brings the earth ploom; golden harvest, rich and full as unfailing moon.

Distant sea coasts honor you would heathen rulers bow to you, God and sea.

Kings of Islands pay their tribute, gram Western lands, tribute too from Desert Lords, gifts from them Sands.

Captives, too, cree; may they alway fer pray endlessly!
You will bless the provide weal one shall do them wrong!

Bless the name of God and eng! Earth, resound with praise! We ple named for d, worship all our days: ders, to your name we sing. arth proclaims your glory, G wonors you as King!'

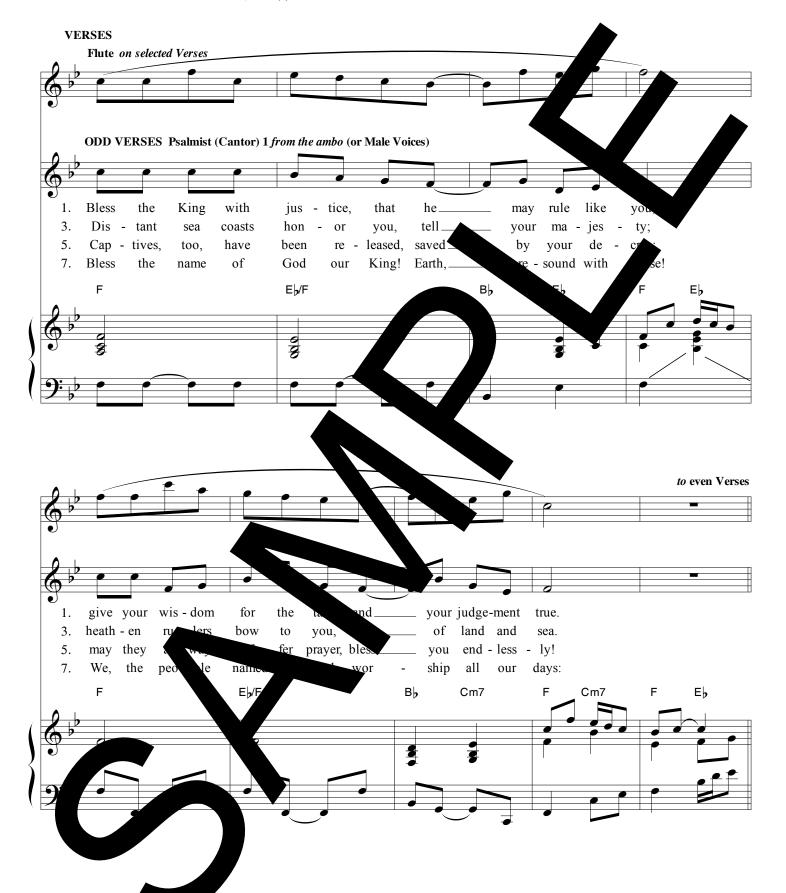
Full	2-5
Score	6
Vocal	7
Score	10
Simple	
Score	
The	
Story	

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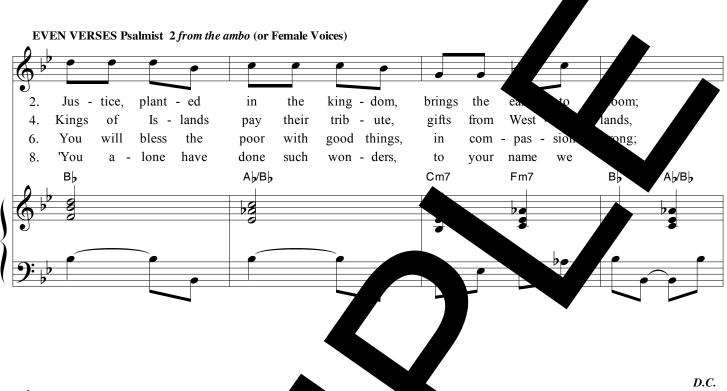


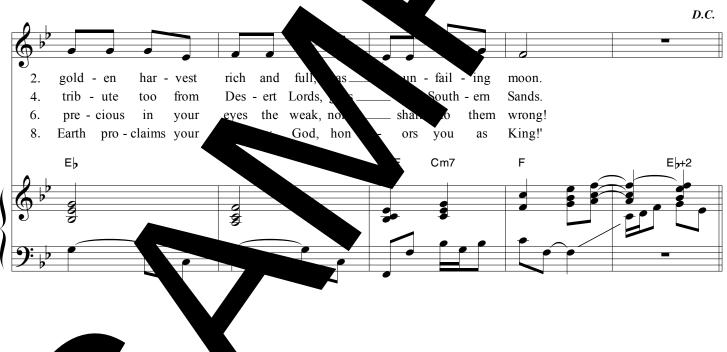
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Responsorial Song from Psalm 72 for Advent 2A - Simple Acceptaniment









An Enthronement Hymn for the King The Story

Israel's Temple and Court Scribes followed neighboring customs, lavishly praising the ing. Each it of national importance generated new hymns to honor the Ruler, whose wisdom resulted in gra enefits for t ation. On the day of Coronation, songs were composed for a successful reign. At the annual \} Year Feas Enthroneme re-elect the King, no flattery was too great, no exaggeration too small. Every victor, ttle its own song Israel differed from her contemporaries. The Canaanite Kings were honored as king-go oted to deity rael knew only One God, who was God-King. The earthly ruler was God's envoy on earth, resp. for ext ig the kingdom of peace and justice. He was highly regarded as a symbol of God's presence, a me romised messianic king, whose peace and justice would outlast even sun and moon, and who would reign long any other king on earth!

Psalm 72 is a collection of blessing songs to honor the King. It may have n written during the perous years of David and Solomon (BC 1000). The Nation prayed for God to protect the King. 'May be the great one, d and d heralding the messianic era! May he champion the poor, this trodden!. May his of the op judgement radiate God's justice! May he shepherd the pe erity! May his wise ra of pea stewardship secure all boundaries, annex kingdoms, produ abundant asury! May he be the rest, and file one to restoration Israel, thus undoing the effects of the May he fu the dreams of 2 sam 7, restoring justice to Israel and to all kingdoms of earth!'

This is a Palace Hymn and it is questionable whether h Lhave en used in the Temple in such a florid form. It is so ancient that any liturgical form has been compromised, is no longer possible to determine whether it is a hymn of praise, an intercessory prayer, a ble e other liturgical-literary form. Would it have wish, or eve unniversary enthronement? It appears to be a rite of been used during an actual enthronement, of anointing within a liturgy of enthronement, seal as God's Ch One to lead the Nation, the whole world, ould accompany the handing over of the written law to to an age of unending peace and justice. Songs a oray the new incumbent: 'May God endow the King with stice, to carry out the divine judgements, statutes isdom and ordinances' (see Dt. 17:18, 1 Sam 10:25). Other may have occurred: prisoners of war brought gical ac in to kneel before him, rulers of nabboring lands offer tribute, representatives of the Nation bearing produce. He may have been led around the To ce in proce n, taking possession of his newly-acquired kingdom.

The psalm has been further comprome post-Exme then it was adapted, yet again, now as a Doxology to end the Second Book of Psalms (42-72). The psalms is an editorial device to parallel the five Books of the Law. As such, the division is a liturgical function; it was probably rearranged for the diaspora communities for reflective, non-cultic Synagogue.

Psalm 72 continued to e impo Ludaism and in the early days of Judeo-Christianity, to celebrate the long been associated with Advent through to Epiphany, to honor messianic hopes of a pe born of P the appearance of God's ry on 🛮 n. This period of forty days developed as a second baptismal season in the Eastern Church; the neophy oc' is the return of the Risen Lord to the community each time the waters of baptism are poured. The baptized ar owered to build a new social order of justice and peace. Epiphany is a water festival i hodox calenda

ich leads to a call to worship, followed by a response (refrain), leading to a The g may begin with a fanfare, This recain is always sung twice, first by a psalmist (cantor) at the ambo or by unison to each of si br (choir) v repated by the assembly, with optional choir descants. An effective way to sing the sc efore irst two lines sung by a psalmist or group A (e.g. the men) and the remaining two Ve ally, with the y a second psa st or group B (e.g. the women). The song may also be sung without intervening Call and Response/refrain, in w case, the fanfare may serve as a single introduction to the piece and as an optional interlude between the ver The bridge figure may be used as a concluding Coda.

It is written for key, and solo instruments in C, with a fanfare transposed for B_b instruments.